The
Integrated Nuclear Security Support Plan (INSSP)

A Brief Overview

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What is an Integrated Nuclear Security Support Plan (INSSP)?

- Developed by Member States jointly with the IAEA Division of Nuclear Security (NSNS)
- Assist States in applying a systematic, structured and comprehensive approach to strengthening their nuclear security regime.

INSSP objectives:

- Identify and consolidate the nuclear security needs of an individual State into an integrated document that includes the necessary nuclear security improvements, based on the IAEA's Nuclear Security Series publications.
- Provide a customized framework for coordinating and implementing nuclear security activities conducted by the State concerned, the IAEA and potential partners.

Due to its flexible and adaptable approach, the INSSP is a mechanism open to all Member States regardless of their nuclear security regime status.
What is the INSSP Structure?

**INSSP Functional Areas:**
- Legislative and Regulatory Framework
- Threat and Risk Assessment
- Physical Protection Regime
- Detection
- Response
- Sustainability

**Main components of each area:**
- Objectives (what)
- Actions (how)
- Responsible/lead entity(ies) (who)
- Status
- Envisioned completion timeframe
- Remarks – Explanatory detail

The INSSP Objectives and Actions are **based on the IAEA Nuclear Security Series (NSS)** (primarily Fundamentals and Recommendations).

**Sequence of actions based on a graded approach**, completion of first action in an objective usually represents the basis for other actions to be implemented.

⇒ Sustainability
How is an INSSP developed?

**Joint development of an initial draft**

Initial draft using various information (results from missions, **NUSIMS**, other IAEA departments, UNSCR 1540 and 1373 national reports, etc.), developed in consultation with the Member State

Output: Initial draft INSSP

**INSSP Finalization Meeting**

Meeting between the IAEA and MS representatives from all relevant stakeholders

Output: draft INSSP

**Implementation Plan Official approval**

**INSSP Review Meeting**

Regular review to track implementation and identify additional needs & Review Progress

Output: revised INSSP, new **Implementation Plan**

Usually every 3 years
Who is involved in the INSSP process?

Because of the nature of nuclear security, many national stakeholders are involved in the development and implementation of the INSSP:

**Member State Stakeholders**
- Regulatory body
- Ministry of Interior
- Customs Agency
- Border Protection Agency
- Ministry of Foreign Affairs / Permanent Mission
- Intelligence organizations
- Ministry of Health
- Ministry of Defence
- Law Enforcement Agencies
- Coordinating body or mechanism
- Etc.

**MS INSSP Point of Contact**
- Liaises with the INSSP officer to coordinate the development and implementation of the INSSP
- Is the interface between the State and the IAEA NSNS regarding following up on implementation of INSSP Actions

**NSNS INSSP Officer**
- Is a focal point – both within the IAEA and with MS – for the coordination of all activities related to the INSSP of assigned MS

INSSP helps to enhance coordination at the national level
Key points

- Nuclear Security Division of nuclear Security
- Main assistance mechanism INSSP
  - Flexible and dynamic mechanism
  - Systematic framework based on NSS
  - Developed with the IAEA for the MS
- Main communication channels for nuclear security:
  - INSSP PoC in MS
  - INSSP officer in NSNS
- Permanent Mission = key partner
INSSP: by the numbers…

- 113 INSSP approved, under implementation, and under development
  - 20 INSSPs that could be developed

### Regional Distribution

- Africa: 26
- Asia & the Pacific: 22
- Europe: 33
- Latin America and the Caribbean: 52

### Status

- Approved: 20
- Await MS Acceptance: 7
- Finalization: 20
- Draft: 83
- INSSP to be developed: 52
Thank you!